



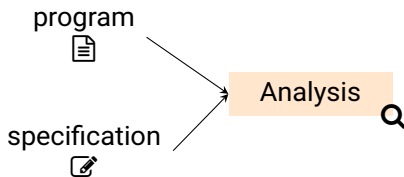
Static Analysis + Runtime Verification Combination Patterns from the Literature

Marie-Christine Jakobs

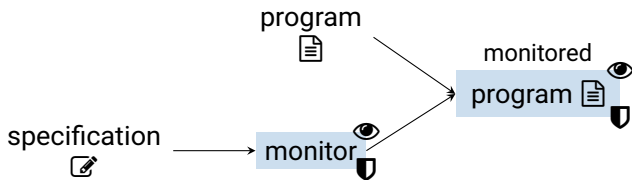
joint work with Heiko Mantel



Software-Factory 4.0

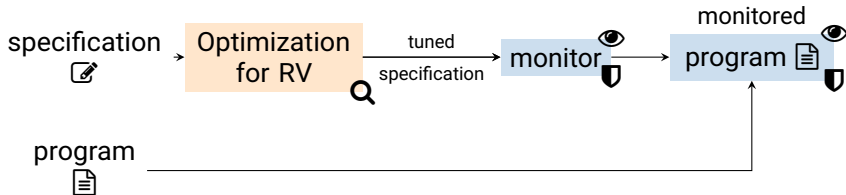





- Analysis of **all** executions (**before** execution)
- Derive knowledge about program
- **Report** specification violation



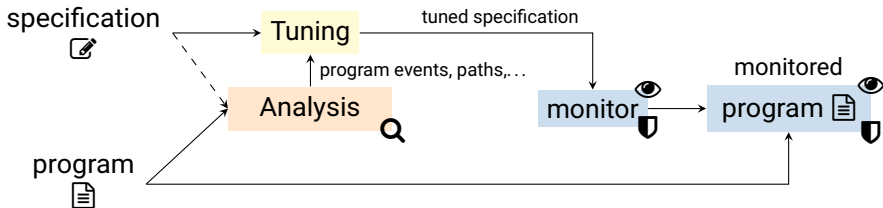
- Analysis of **single** execution (**during**, after execution)
- **React** to specification violation (reporting, stop, suppression, recover, etc.)
- Monitoring causes runtime overhead




Pattern 1a: Program-independent Tuning of the Specification



-  Logic, automata
-  Manual, graph algorithm
-  Reporting, user-defined code

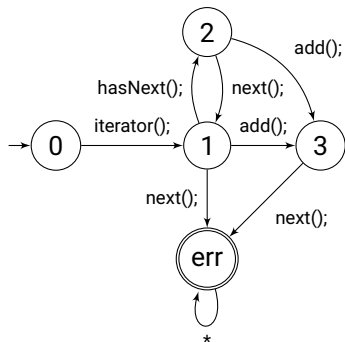
Pattern 1b: Program-based Tuning of the Specification



-  Automata
-  Control-flow analysis, etc.
-  Reporting, stop

Example Absent Event Pruning

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Iterator<String> it = Arrays.  
        asList("Hello", "World", "!").  
        iterator ();  
    while(it .hasNext())  
        System.out.print(it .next ());  
}
```

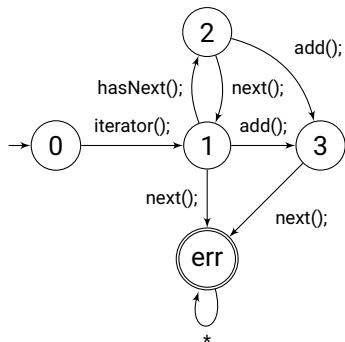


Example Absent Event Pruning

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}
```

Events

- `iterator();`
- `hasNext();`
- `next();`

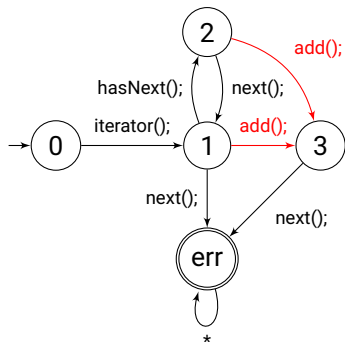


Example Absent Event Pruning

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```

Events

- `iterator();`
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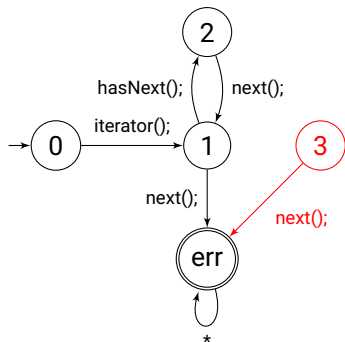


Example Absent Event Pruning

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Events

- `iterator();`
- `hasNext();`
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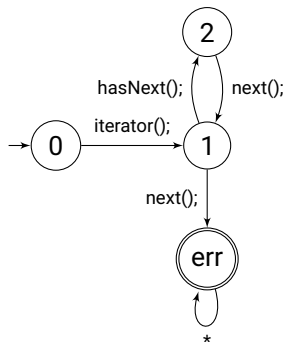


Example Absent Event Pruning

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Iterator<String> it = Arrays.  
        asList("Hello", "World", "!").  
        iterator ();  
    while(it .hasNext())  
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}
```

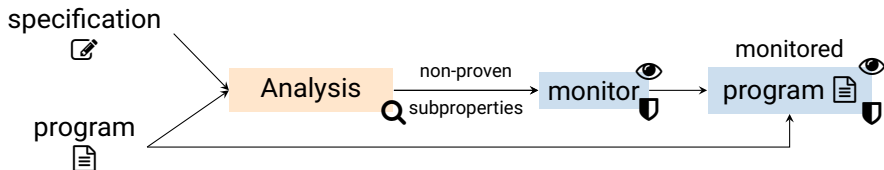
Events




- `iterator();`
- `hasNext();`
- `next();`



Pattern 2a: Monitor (Sub)Properties That You Cannot Verify!

Requires decomposable specification



-  Memory safety, information or data flow, automata
-  Dependence analysis, type analysis, dataflow analysis, BMC, deductive verification, etc.
-  Reporting, stop

Example



```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    boolean nonEmpty = false;  
    for(int i=0;i<args.length;i++) {  
        nonEmpty = true;  
        assert(0<=i && i<args.length);  
        System.out.println(args[i ]);  
    }  
    if (nonEmpty) {  
        assert(0<args.length);  
        System.out.println(args[0] != null );  
    }  
}
```

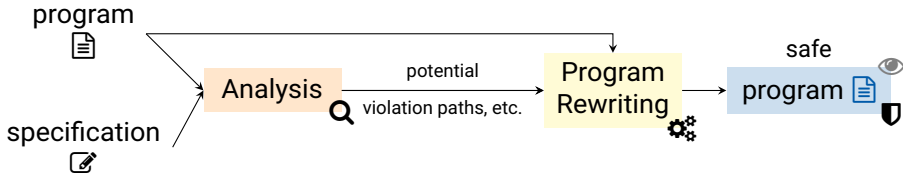
Example






```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    boolean nonEmpty = false;  
    for(int i=0;i<args.length;i++) {  
        nonEmpty = true;  
        assert(0<=i && i<args.length); \\proven, do not monitor  
        System.out.println(args[ i ]);  
    }  
    if (nonEmpty) {  
        assert(0<args.length); \\not proven, monitor  
        System.out.println(args[0]!= null );  
    }  
}
```

Pattern 2b: Rewrite Program and Enforce What You Cannot Verify!

Idea Use analysis to exclude (proven or spurious) paths from monitoring, enforce property on non-proven paths



-  Automata
-  Predicate model checking (bounded CEGAR loops)
-  Stop, suppression



Original program

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    boolean nonEmpty = false;  
    if (args.length>0)  
        nonEmpty = true;  
    if (nonEmpty) {  
        assert(0<args.length);  
        System.out.println(args [0]);  
    }  
}
```

Example Zero Overhead Runtime Monitoring



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Original program

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    boolean nonEmpty = false;  
    if (args.length>0)  
        nonEmpty = true;  
    if (nonEmpty) {  
        assert(0<args.length);  
        System.out.println(args [0]);  
    }  
}
```

Spurious counterexample

```
nonEmpty=false;!(args.length>0);nonEmpty;!(0<args.length);
```

Safe path

```
nonEmpty=false;(args.length>0);nonEmpty=true;nonEmpty;0<args.length;System.out.println(args[0]);
```

Violating path

```
nonEmpty=false;(args.length>0);nonEmpty=true;nonEmpty;!(0<args.length);System.out.println(args[0]);
```


Example Zero Overhead Runtime Monitoring



Original program

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    boolean nonEmpty = false;  
    if (args.length>0)  
        nonEmpty = true;  
    if (nonEmpty) {  
        assert(0<args.length);  
        System.out.println(args [0]);  
    }  
}
```

Rewritten program

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    boolean nonEmpty = false;  
    if (args.length>0)  
        nonEmpty = true;  
    if (nonEmpty) {  
        if (!(0<args.length))  
            System.exit(0);  
        System.out.println(args [0]);  
    }  
}
```

Spurious counterexample

```
nonEmpty=false;!(args.length>0);nonEmpty;!(0<args.length);
```

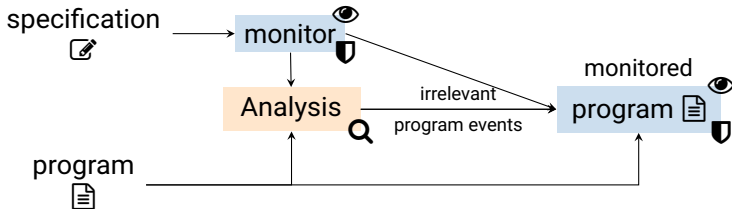
Safe path




```
nonEmpty=false;(args.length>0);nonEmpty=true;nonEmpty;0<args.length;System.out.println(args[0]);
```

Violating path

```
nonEmpty=false;(args.length>0);nonEmpty=true;nonEmpty;!(0<args.length);System.out.println(args[0]);
```

Pattern 3a: Skip Irrelevant Events

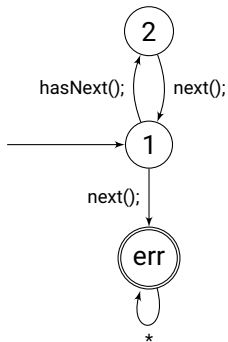


-  Automata
-  Dataflow analysis, path analysis, etc.
-  Report, stop, user-defined code

Example NopShadow Analysis



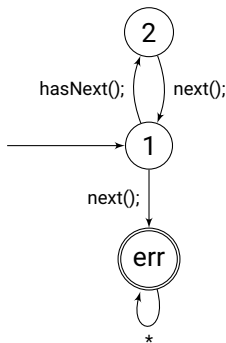
```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Iterator<String> it = Arrays.  
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        iterator ();  
    while(it .hasNext())  
        System.out.print(it .next ());  
}
```



Example NopShadow Analysis



```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    // f-1 b-{err}  
    Iterator<String> it = Arrays.  
        asList("Hello", "World", "!").  
        iterator ();  
    // f-1 b-{err}  
    while(it .hasNext())  
        // f-2 b-{err, 1}  
        System.out.print(it .next ());  
    // f-1 b-{err}  
    // f-1  
}
```

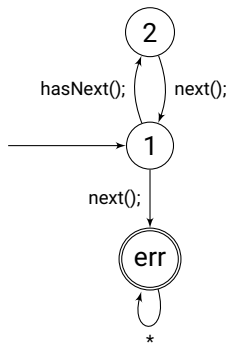


Compute automaton states reachable forward and backward

Example NopShadow Analysis



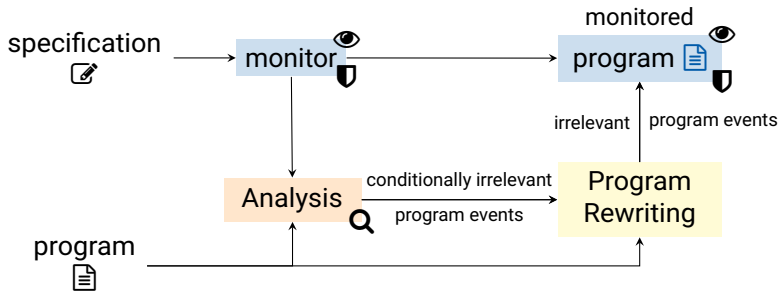
```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
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        iterator ();  
    // f-1 b-{err}  
    while(it .hasNext())  
        // f-2 b-{err, 1}  
        System.out.print(it .next ());  
    // f-1 b-{err}  
    // f-1  
}
```






Compute automaton states reachable forward and backward

- $1 \in \{err\} \Leftrightarrow 2 \in \{err\} \wedge 2 \neq err \Rightarrow \text{next() event irrelevant}$
- $1 \in \{err, 1\} \not\Leftrightarrow 2 \in \{err, 1\} \wedge 2 \neq err \Rightarrow \text{keep hasNext() event}$

Pattern 3b: Rewrite Program to Skip Irrelevant Events

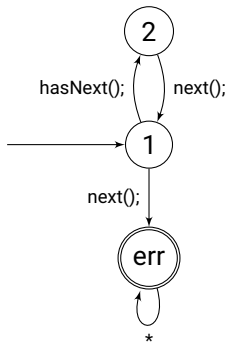


-  Automata, memory safety
-  Automata analysis, weakest precondition
-  Report, stop

Example Stutter Equivalent Loop Transformation

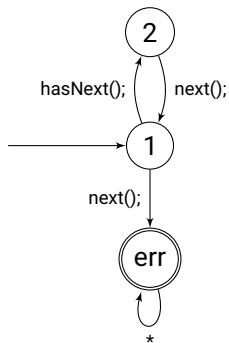


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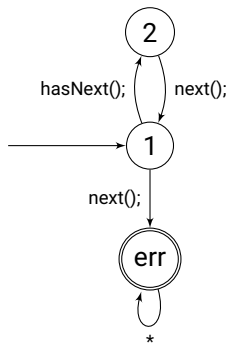
Monitor behavior does not change
after first loop iteration

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        iterator ();  
    if (it .hasNext())  
        System.out.print(it .next ());
```

```
    while(it .hasNext())  
        System.out.print(it .next ());  
}
```



Monitor behavior does not change
after first loop iteration

Future Cooperation Opportunities and Future Research Directions



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- ✎ Specify allowed instead of forbidden behavior
- ✎ Go beyond fixed or automata-based specifications
- 🛡 Go beyond reporting, stop
 - Tool-independent formalization, soundness proofs
 - Combination of approaches